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Reducing the RF Voltage Swing by Blowing up the Initial Energy Spread

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Intro duction

The high frequency rf system can have a large range in voltage requirements; e.g. from V=, 12 to V= 11 MV. Thes large range can be reduced by blowing up the Initial energy spread, Tpo, However, this in crease in opo is limited by the following effects due to intrabeam scattering i) increase in the final emitlance 2) In crease in the final energy spread 3) in crease in the final voltage regulard. The following IBS results Show that by blowing up opo one can get by with KF Vultage SWINg of V = 1.5 + V = 12 MV.

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Blow up of Upo by raising voltage V. i) Prepare beam in low frequency Rf as if transfering to high frequency bucket such that Ao = 13 ev,-se Je = 31 cm Topo determinent bay to, As V gives DB = 2 p RaiseV (2)BB in creases <u>G</u> Op in croases Up = DB sin + LB Te unchanged What hoppens to final V after lohours final-op- final Ex ?

JBS Results for blow up of Tpo.

G.Parzen 7/14/85

			·····	N
			Pro tons	
2		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$A_0 = 3$	11
			$N_b = 1 \times 10$	
r A			٤٢. = 10	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
		€ <u> </u>		
P				
6				
	р			
1				
	x=250			
	A. 3. 3	Qx (hr	1m)	
		2		
L				
				•
V			·	
			- Te	- 2 0x = const
			( <i>T</i> 30	2 C 2 = Const
3		1/8	-30	$2 c_{\chi} = const$
3		15	30 7 <u>8</u>	2 Cz 2 Cons
3		15	30 7	$26x^2$ const
3		1 <b>8</b> <b>1 8</b> <b>6</b>	d;	2 C 2 Const
		Au .	d;	2 Cx 2 Const
2-11		A, =.3	d;	
2 -11				
2-1		A, =.3		
2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		A, =.3		
2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		A, =.3		
2-6		A. = .3 N. =	eussec E <sub>x,</sub> =10 1,1×10	
2-6	/ / A	A. = .3 N. =	eussec E <sub>x,</sub> =10 1,1×10	
2-13	/ / A	A, =.3	<u>d</u> <u>evisec</u> <u>E</u> x = 10 <u>1</u> , <u>1</u> × 10 1	
2-13	A =100	A. = .3 Nb = 07 (m/mx	eusec E <sub>x</sub> =10 1.1×10 1.1×10	
2 6	A =100	A. = 3 Nb =	eusec Ex = 10 1, 1× 10 1	

