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RHIC Lattice

J. Claus

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Collider Accelerator Department Brookhaven National Laboratory

U.S. Department of Energy

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RHIC-PG-33

RHIC LATTICE

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J. Claus

(BNL, February 22, 1984)

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Lattices for RHIC

Claus Dell Hahn Ruggiero

Basie Facts.

Luminosity deteriorates as function of time due to intra beam Scattering t Luminosity life time Time average luminosity Life time and time average are limited by the ring admitTances.

Problem: How to provide adequate admittement for acceptable cost?

Admittance is determined by aperture and focussing structure. Transverse tocussing structure consists of ares and insertions. Focussing in arcs determined by cell length and botatron phase advance / cell. Cell length and phase advance affect the lattice functions, the intra beam scattering process and the cost differently.

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Important constraint: Ker, a parameter set by the focussing structure. The particle motion is subject to $y = \frac{1}{fr} - \frac{1}{f^2}$ $f = \frac{E}{E_0}$. y = 0 represents singular point, to be avoided or at least to be passed through quickly. Cannot avoid it: Fr < finip (2.5/AMU) - impractically weak[ocussing]

However: proton injection at 1=31.4 -> 1/2 = 31.4 Options and Constraints.

	<u>니</u> S	tructure has to fit inside existing
		CBA tunnels
	21 1	njection must occur via existing
		beam transfer tunnels
	<u> </u>	eams close together radially to allow
•		use of 2 in 1 magnet designs
		or at least of common vacuum vessels
	4	ipoles of different rings on common
	-1 -	radii (or same reason
	5	ide by side configuration (as in CBA)
;		Over/under leads to more complex
	<i>L</i> 1	misertions.
	6	$\beta_{y} = 3m$
		$\beta_{x} = 3m$ (for $\alpha = 0$)
	71	xp = 0. m arighte crassing and la laca ele a
	7	ariable crossing angle (ozaz Bmrad) ajustable betatron frequencies
		nsertions decoupled from each other
		and from ares.
	·	
1,	2,8 E.	sential
6	S.	ne what negotiable
9	l Ve	y desirable

together pose a very dillicult 1, 2, 6, 9 design problem.

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Results so far

•		# cells	phase advance
D el.:	RHIC1	9	90°
	RHIL 2	9	1100
	RHIC3	12	90°.
	RH JE4	15	120

The aperture requirements decrease with increasing cell mmber, the component count increases with increasing cell number.

Status: RHICI, RHIES (3 versions) ready for further work RHICZ[2 versions) needs minor touching up RHIE4: in process.

RHECZB has a strongly asymmetric dipole distribution in the cells. - higher th = 25.2 inellicient use of available space higher required dipole (ields.

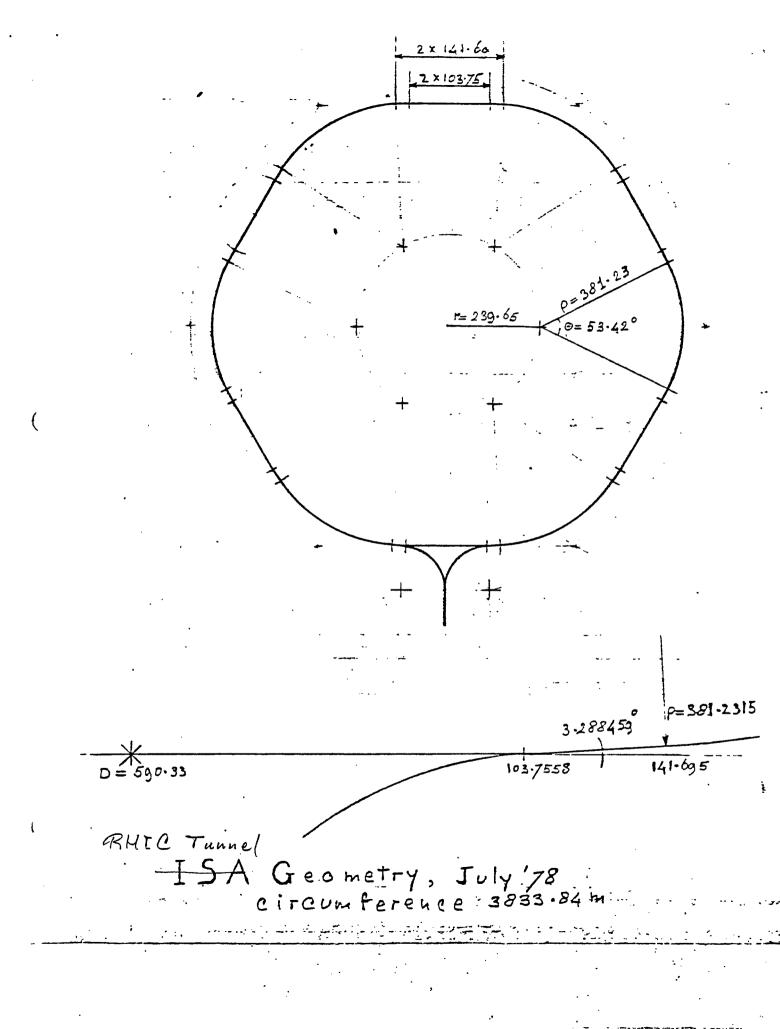
3 different insertions for RHIC3

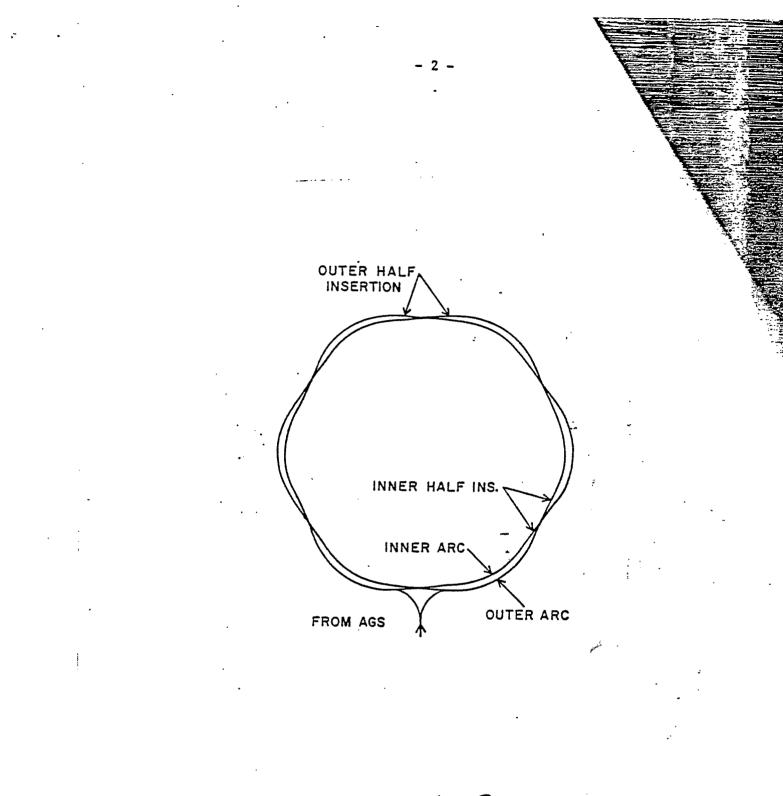
1	NAHE	RHIC1 RHIC2		RHICB			RHICG	
2	VERSION		A	Ъ	* A .	B	с	•
3	* Cells / Are	9	· g)		12		15
	Phase advance / cell	90	1		•.	90		120
•	Ttr-	ig		25.2		24.8		39
	#dip >	246	2.			336		408
7	# quadrupoles	348	39	6	468	444	468	540/636
8	# quadrupoles Bx / By * (m)	40/2.0	2.7/2.g	2.7/3.0	17.1/30	12.4/3.0	29/30	2/?
9	\$ / B (m)	66.8/n.6	•	76/76		50/8.8	E	49.7/3.8
10	Χμ / Χμ (m)	2.7/1.3	2. <i>1/0</i> .g	2.0/0.75		1.5/0.75		0.7/0.2g
//	AY / AY	1.5/1.5	· 2	/2	1.5/1.5	1.5/1.5/	2.0/2.0	•
ル	βx/βy (m)	147/452	836	/53/	254/523	236/739		
/3	Ex / Zy	-33/-52	-98	/-75	-42/-53	-38/-65	-48/-56	-6 9/-69
14	$B''e/Be(m)^{-2}$	0.0157/0.078	0.076	0.145	a osg fo 142	0.0 54/	0.066/	0.145/0.355
12	BEIBO (m)	a 0358	0.04	,14		0.0477 3	· .	0.0731
16	B'e/Be (m)-2 B'e/Be (m)-1 Half cell length (m)	19.75	· 19.	75		14.81		11.85
	,		:		·		- 	

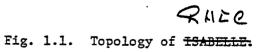
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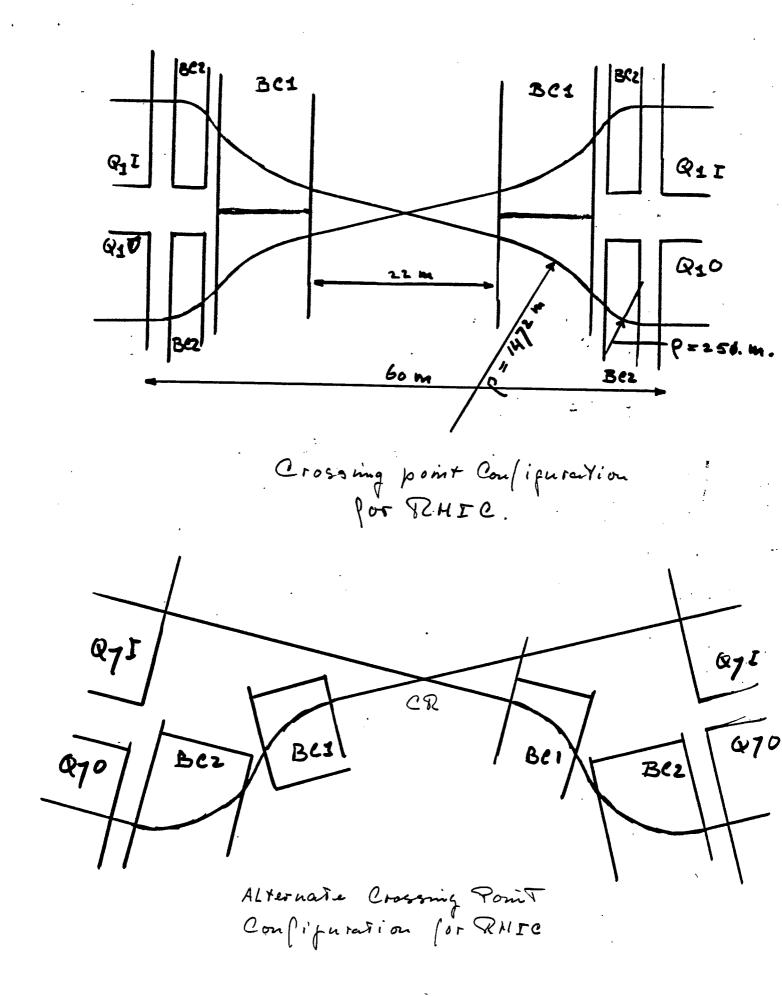
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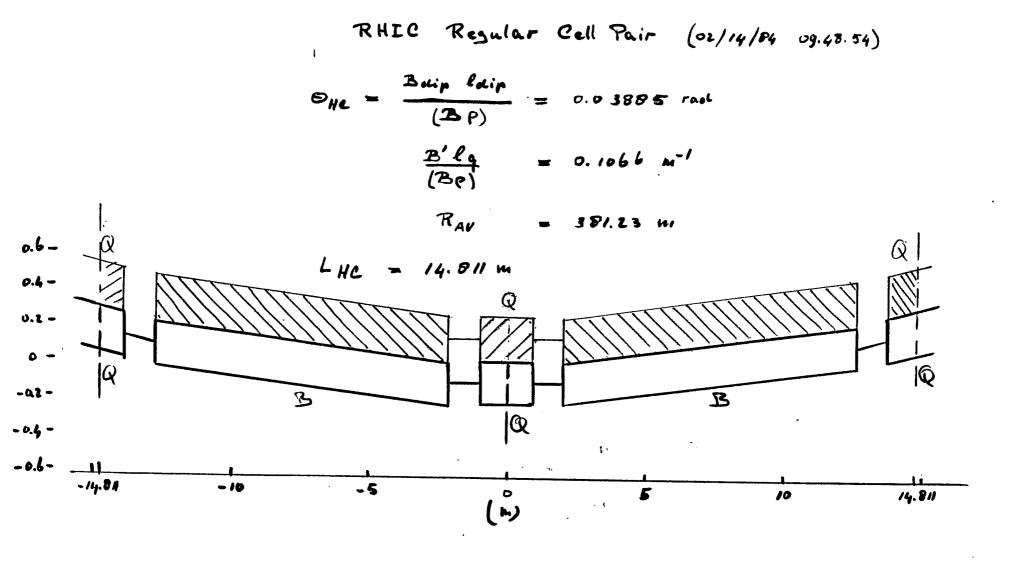
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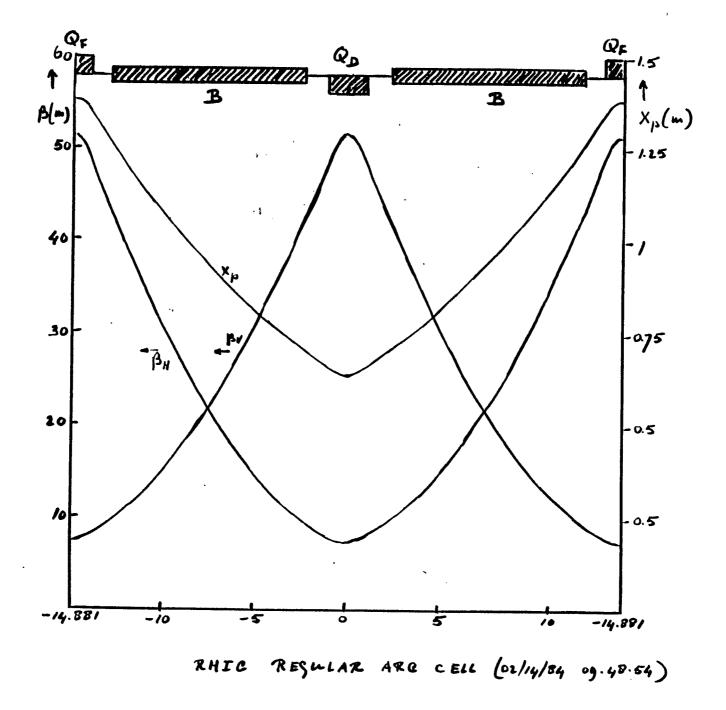






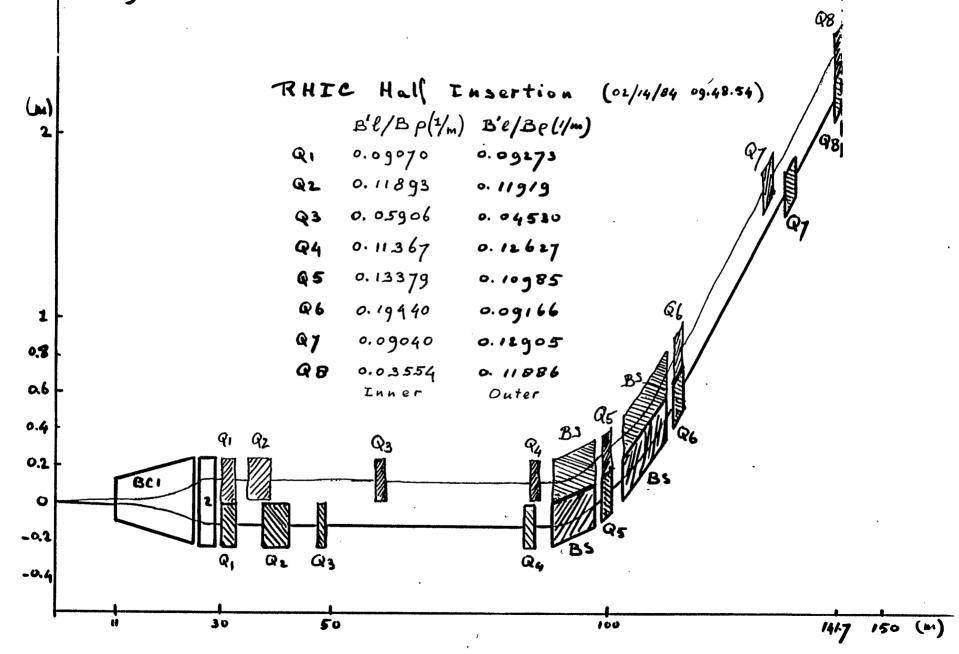




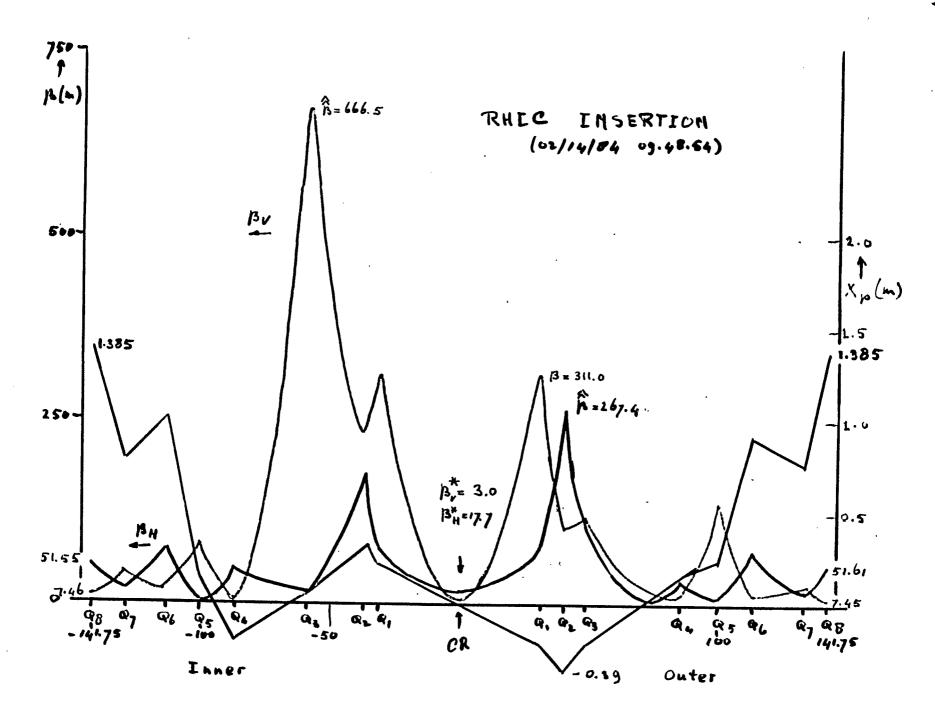


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+ C at 590.51 m



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RHIC LATTICE General Parameters (02/14/84 09.48.54)

Ciremn (erenee (m) 3833.845 Number of Sextants 6 Humber of Insertions 6 Humber of cells / Are 12 Mean Radius of Are (m) 381.23 Deflection angle / Are (rad) 0.9324 Are length (m) 355.46 Half ecll leasth (m) 14.811 PH / BH (m) -51.58/7.46 ŝv / pv (m) 51.58) 7.46 xp / xp (m) 1.38/ 0.64 AYH / AY (degrees) 100. 1100.

Insertion length (m) 13H / 15, (m) X# (***) at / at Вн / Рок (m)

Oxy / Or The.

283.509 17.699 / 3.00 0. 0./ 0.

267.4 666.5

31.6/31.6 26.4

Combined Function hattices. The table below gives the principal characteristics of four combinese function lattices. Each has a deplection augle per are of 60°, an ourrage radius of curvature R \$ 407 m (His will shill fit m'side the CBA funnel), and a betation phase advance of 100°/ cell. The locussing structure is FOF DOD, the dift space O between magnets is 2 m long. We vary the member of cells, thus the magnetic benerig radius p and the magnet length LM. We also adjust the Bp value, therefore the maximum energy per atomie mans unit such That the local gap field and 7 cm from the reference abid is about 1.95 T, at 4 cm from the reference orbit it is never more then 1.875 T. The last line gives these characteristics for the Standard RHICZ lastice. Хp ×p B/B # T R ρ \mathcal{B} LM ΔØ ß ß LHC (m) (m) (m) (m) (Gel/ANU) (m), (degrees) Cells (T)(m)(m)(m) (m) 0.89 1.70 360.7 3.68 53.*bg* 9.53 15.74 100 406.6 1.70 12 17.74 73.5 0.76 8.82 1.45 14.38 49.57 16.38 1.65 4.35 100 406.7 357.3 13 70.7 0.65 1.25 8.22 45.87 1.60 5.06 13.22 353,5 100 67.8 407.0 15.22 14 1.08 0.57 42.63 7.69 12.20 65.0 406.8 1.55 5.85 100 15 14.20 349.5 0.64 1.30

275.4

14.81

381.2

12

100

3.03

51.58

7.45

6.7

100

111111 11111 Πη Gradient magnes los Combined function RHIC.