

BNL-104684-2014-TECH

AGS/AD/Tech Note No. 266;BNL-104684-2014-IR

A THOUGHT ON VERY LOW ENERGY ANTI-PROTONS

Y. Y. Lee

October 1986

Collider Accelerator Department

Brookhaven National Laboratory

U.S. Department of Energy

USDOE Office of Science (SC)

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Accelerator Division Alternating Gradient Synchrotron Department BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY Associated Universities, Inc. Upton, New York 11973

Accelerator Division Technical Note

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October 17, 1986

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INTRODUCTION ...

It is has been sproposed to suse the AGS Booster 1 as a time stretcher purifier of one the anti-protons of momentum ... 65 to 5.2 GeV/c.2 In this note, we would like to extend the idea to very low energy of tensor of KeV anti-protons.

Ambrief description of the system is as followes: In each AGS cycle: the booster field his set; to accept anti-protons of momentum 3.5 GeV/c; where one expects maximum production of anti-protons, after: injecting: protons into the AGS. The AGS extracts three rf (bucket) of w protons; from either H10 or I10 to strike; an anti-proton production target... The anti-protons will be collected by an amappropriate lenssystem (eg. lithium lens) and transported to the booster area and injected into the booster through the channel identical to its extraction channel. Since anti-proton is the anti-particle of the proton; injection of the antimproton is identical to the extraction apoft the a protons. ... Once the stanti-protons area injected and a captured into the booster, ... one can either: accelerate or decelerate them in the booster. After deceleration to 200 MeV kinetic energy, they can be further. decelerated through the linactand an RFQ preinjector down to ion source. energy 🧓

ANTI-PROTONS WITHOUT COOLING

Assuming standard production arate at AGS energies of the

10-6anti-protons/m-str/%/interacting protons

anti-protons at 3.5 GeV/c, one can estimate the number of anti-protons which can be accumulated in the booster acceptance of 50 mm-mr and 2% momentum white. Realistically the AGS proton beam at 30 GeV/c; can be focussed down to 1mm spotssize, and therefore the angular acceptance one can expect in each dimension would be

And the solid angle subtended would be 0.0404 steradians.

Because: of the finite-length of the target: the collection of efficiency would be reduced further. For a 10 cm long target, particle production studies show that only one third of the particles falls into the useable phase space; and thus the effective solid angle becomes:

The antimproton production rate is therefore.

$$Np = 10^{-6} \times 13.3 \times 2(\%) \times Np/3 = 8.89 \times 10^{-6} Np$$

where Npgis number of incident protons and the factor 3 % is to correct for interacting versus incident protons.

The post booster: AGS: will accelerate .5 x 1013 protons/bucket and a if one suses three of those buckets for the production per cycle.

Np = 8.890x 10760x 1.50x 10¹³ = 1.330x 10⁸ anti-protons/pulse at 3.50 GeV/c.

If one decelerates the collected anti-protons, assuming rface

energy spread(i.e. while making the bunch longer, reduce the energy spread), then while betatron phase space decreases by the factor 1/P2. The normalized emmitance of the collected beam at 3.5 GeV/c is 186.5 mm-mr and this emmitance will be trimmed through the deceleration process. The normalized acceptance of the booster at 200 MeV linace energy is 34.3 mm-mr. Figure 1 shows the resultant anti-proton intensity as a function of final decelerated energy in the booster.

DECELERATION THROUGH THE LINAC

The decelerated anti-protons can be extracted near the booster injection channel, and transported through either injection transported system with sits dipoles reversed for separate transport system, to the 200 MeV linac. The beam can be decelerated through the linace to a skinetic energy of 750 KeV at the "entrance" of linace tank 1. The acceptance of the system is dominated by the normalized admittance at the 750 KeV point of 100 mm-mr. Thus one will lose beam intensity through the 200 MeV linac by a factor of the system is a factor of the system.

$$(10/34.3)^2 = .085$$

and in addition by an additional factor of two due to beam bunching efficiencies. As a result:

1.9×10^5 anti-protons:

will... survive to 750 KeV. The anti-protons can be further decelerated through the RFQ pre-injector to energies of 20 KeV.

EFFECT OF COOLING

If one cools the anti-protons in the booster to less than 10 mm = mr. normalized or 14.60 mm = mr at 2000 MeV energy, theoretically half-s of the state of the st

the 1.33%x 108 anti-protons collected at 3.5% GeV/c could be decelerated to 750% KeV and then to 20% KeV.

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