# THE NEW FAST EXTRACTION SYSTEM [NewFEB] AT THE AGS 

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THE NEW FAST EXTRACTION SYSTEM [NewFEB] AT THE AGS
( The conceptual design of the new fast extraction system for the AGS g-2 experiment, RHIC injection and FEB)
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#### Abstract

The AGS g-2 experiment (E821) requires new single-bunch multiple-extracted [SBME] beam from the AGS. Due to removal of the H5 and E5 kickers, neither the single bunch extraction [SBE] system nor the fast extracted beam [FEB] system will be available for the post-Booster era. As a result, the new FEB [NewFEB] system is proposed for both the g-2 experiment and RHIC injection. The NewFEB system will consist of a new fast multi-pulsing kicker at straight section G10 [FKG10] and an ejector septum magnet at H10 [SMH10] with local orbit bumps [BLWGH] generated by power backleg windings. This note is intended to define basic design parameters, to discuss possible options, and to provide guidelines for more detailed engineering design work [+].


[+] This note is an upgraded version of M. Tanaka, Muon g-2 Note No.31, and AD/Physics Note No.8, "The AGS g-2 Extraction System".

## CHAPTER 1

I. INTRODUCTION

Since the present FEB and SBE systems [1] are no longer available for the post-Booster era due to removal of fast kickers FKE5 and FKH5 [2], the NewFEB syetem will serve as the AGS extraction system not just for the AGS $g-2$ experiment [3] but also for the Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider [RHIC] [4] and any future neutrino physics program.

For the g-2 experiment, which is now constructing a 14 m diameter 3 $\mathrm{GeV} / \mathrm{c}$ superferric muon storage ring [ $\mu \mathrm{SR}$ ] with $\mathrm{B}=1.5 \mathrm{~T}$ in the old $80^{\prime \prime}$ buble chamber building, in order to measure the anomalous magnetic moment $(a \mu=(g-2) / 2)$ with an error of 0.3 ppm , NewFEB must meet the following requirements:
(1) extract proton beam up to full energy;
(2) single (or double) bunch multiple extraction [SBME/DBME] at intervals of $2<t<10 \mathrm{~ms}$ and at least up to six (or three) times per AGS cycle for the nominal operation (the $\mu$ ISR needs only one bunch per spill for $\mu$ injection and can take up to two bunches per spill for pion injection);
(3) extract up to ${ }^{\sim} 4.2 \times 10^{12}$ protons per bunch to the new V-target for $3.1 \mathrm{GeV} / \mathrm{c}$ pion production through the existing U-line;
(4) the remaining bunches, if any, have to be debunched and delivered to the East Area through the existing SEB channel (the g-2 experiment originally proposed two micropulses, three times per FEB cycle, i.e., three DBES (50\% of the beam) to the D-line during FEB (U-line) operation [5]);
(5) a fast kicker at 10 foot straight section G10 [FKG10] and an ejector septum magnet at H10 [SMH10] [6];
(6) can also deliver the SBE beam to the East Area through the SEB channel as the substitute of the existing SBE system as early as possible so that the FKE5 kicker can be removed and the SBE beam will be avialable without any interuption.

The AGS with the Booster [7] must also serve as an injector for the RHIC, which is now under construction. The circumference of the RHIC ring is $19 / 4$ times larger than the AGS and its harmonic number at injection is $342(=6 \times 12 \times 19 / 4)$ compared to 12 of the AGS. The present RHIC design [4] assumes that the AGS can accelerate a variable number of bunches per pulse and the FEB/SBE system can be used as the AGS extraction system for RHIC injection. The exact operation mode of RHIC injection has not yet been fixed [8]. There are several possible ways:
a) one may transfer all bunches (e.g., 12 for $p, 3$ for $H I$ ) in the AGS to RHIC in a single turn (FEB, box-car stacking),
b) individual bunches may be transfered one-by-one [SBME] into the waiting r£ buckets or,
c) even the AGS may accelerate just single bunch per cycle.

The two rings ( 57 bunches/ring) are filled with HI one after another in two minutes (or longer for case c) ) every 10 hours or so.

The schematic layouts of the AGS complex including RHIC and of the beam transfer lines from the AGS to $\mu S R$ and to RHIC are shown in Fig. 1a and 1b.

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As the first step, we consider the NewFEB scheme which is capable of performing 1 to 12 SBEs per AGS cycle (with SEB) at ~ \(8-10 \mathrm{~ms}\) intervals as the minimum requirement. In addition to SBME, the FKG10/SMH10 system should be able to perform normal FEB too. [+]
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The rest of the note is organized as follows:
Chapter 2. - Machine and. Beam Parameters
Chapter 3. - Fast Multipulsing Kicker
Chapter 4. - Kicker Pulser
Chapter 5. - Ejector Septum Magnet
Chapter 6. - Orbit Bumps
Chapter 7. - Simulation
Chapter 8. - Miscellaneous (Cost/Schedule/Responsibilities)
[+] In principle, we should build the NewFEB system as flexibly as possible by providing fully variable pulse width (no. of bunches) and multi-extraction (no. of spills) in one AGS cycle, including full FEB capability. However, in reality, we are usually forced to be conservative and build a simple system which is a kind of improved, modified or extended version of the existing working systems due to limited budget, manpower, time and other resources. In most cases, it turns out be the right choice.

## CHAPTER 2

## II. MACHINE PARAMETERS

## II.A General

The AGS Booster, nearly completed, should soon be able to increase proton beam intensity in the AGS by a factor of 4 and to allow the AGS to accelerate heavy ions beyond $\operatorname{Si}(A=28)$ up to Au ( $\mathrm{A}=197$ ). The current machine parameters for the AGS are summarized in Table II.la.

Table II.1a. AGS Parameters

| Mean Radius $\quad: \mathrm{R}=128.45 \cdot$ [m] |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Circumference | : $\mathrm{C}=2 \cdot \mathrm{pi} \cdot \mathrm{R}=807.075 \cdots$ [m] |
| Curvature | : rho $=85.17[\mathrm{~m}]$ |
| Orbit Frequency | $: \mathrm{frev}=\mathrm{c} / \mathrm{C}=371.7[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Revolution Time | : trev $=\mathrm{C} / \mathrm{c}=2.692$ [ $\mu \mathrm{s}$ ] |
| Typical Operation Energy | : 24.5-28.5 GeV for p <br> $14.5 \mathrm{GeV} / \mathrm{N}$ for 0 and Si |
| Typical AGS Cycle | : 1.8-2.4 [s] for FEB |
|  | 2.5-4.0 [s] for SEB |
| Typical Intensity | : $1.6 \cdot 10^{13} \mathrm{ppp}$ |
|  | $1.0 \cdot 10^{10} 0 / \mathrm{pulse}$ |
|  | 3.0-10 Si/pulse |
| Tune | : $\mathrm{Qh}=\sim \mathrm{Qv}=\sim 8.7$ |
| Beta Functions | : $\beta_{\text {h_max }}=ß \mathrm{v}_{-}$max $=22.5[\mathrm{~m}]$ |
|  | $\mathrm{Bh}_{-}^{-}$min $=\mathrm{Bv}^{-}$min $=10.5[\mathrm{~m}]$ |
| Dispersion Function: $\mathrm{Dx}^{-} \max =\overline{2} .20$ [m] |  |
| \# of Bunches | $: \mathrm{Nb}^{-}=12$ $\begin{aligned} & =12 \\ (= & \text { for } H I \text { with Booster }) \end{aligned}$ |
| Bunch Shape : triangular |  |
| Full Bunch Length : tb $=35 \pm 5$ [ ns ] |  |
| Separation between | centers |
| of the bunches | : ts $=224$ [ ns$]$ at top energy |

Fig. 2 shows the wall monitor display of the bunch structure in the AGS just after the third bunch extracted for the SBE operation.

In the following tables, we list the main design parameters for the AGS Booster, $\mu$ SR and RHIC:

Table II.1b. AGS Booster Parameters

| Mean Radius | $\mathrm{R}=32.11[\mathrm{~m}]$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Circumference | : $\mathrm{C}=2 \cdot \mathrm{pi} \cdot \mathrm{R}=201.78[\mathrm{~m}]$ |
| Curvature | : rho $=13.75[\mathrm{~m}]$ |
| Extraction Energy | 1.5 GeV for p <br> : $72 \mathrm{MeV} / \mathrm{N}$ for Au |
| No. of Particles | $0.5 \cdot 10^{13} \mathrm{ppb}$ <br> $0.8-0.4 \cdot 10^{10}$ ions/bunch |
| Tune | : $\mathrm{Qh}={ }^{\sim} \mathrm{Ov}={ }^{\text {\% }} 4.8$ |
| Beta Functions | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bh_max }=ß v \_\max =13.8[\mathrm{~m}] \\ & \mathrm{Bh}_{-} \text {min }=\mathrm{KV}^{-} \min =3.6[\mathrm{~m}] \end{aligned}$ |
| Dispersion Function | : $\mathrm{Dx}_{-}^{-}$max $=\overline{2} .95$ [m] |
| No. of Bunches | : $\mathrm{Nb}^{-}=3 / \mathrm{pulse}$ |
| Reptition rate | : 4 pulses/AGS cycle for p |
| Normal. Emittance <br> (en(95\%)) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { : } \\ \underset{2.3}{10.0} \text { [pi mm-mrad] for } \mathrm{p} \\ \mathrm{Au} \end{array}$ |
| Bunch Area | : $0.07[\mathrm{eV}-\mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{N}]$ |

(from [7])

Table II.1c. $\mu$ SR Parameters

| Mean Radius | : $\mathrm{R}=7.0$ [m] |
| :---: | :---: |
| Circumference | $: \mathrm{C}=2 \cdot \mathrm{pi} \cdot \mathrm{R}=43.98[\mathrm{~m}]$ |
| Orbit Frequency | : frev $=\mathrm{c} / \mathrm{C}=6.81[\mathrm{MHz}]$ |
| Revolution Time | : trev $=\mathrm{C} / \mathrm{c}=147$ [ ns ] |
| $\mu$ Momentum | : $\mathrm{p} \mu=3.094[\mathrm{GeV} / \mathrm{c}]$ |
| Lifetime | : $\mathrm{t} \mu=64.4$ [ $\mu \mathrm{s}$ ] |
| Magnetic Field | : $\mathrm{Bo}=1.47$ [ T$]$ |
| Storage Aperture | : $\varnothing=90.0$ [mm] |
| Forcusing | : vertical by electric quads (pulsed 1 [ms], 38.7 [kV]) |
| Injection | pi-> ${ }^{\text {decay }}$ or $\mu$ |
| Protons on the V-target: |  |
| Intensity | : $4.2 \cdot 10^{12}$ protons/bunch |
| Bunches | : single bunch /Fill |
| Fills/AGS Cycle | : variable (1 to 12) |

Table II.1d RHIC Design Parameters

| Mean Radius | $\mathrm{R}=610.176[\mathrm{~m}]$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Circumference | $: \mathrm{C}=2 \cdot \mathrm{pi} \cdot \mathrm{R}=3833.852$ [m] |
| Curvature | : rho = 243.241 [m] |
| Orbit Frequency | : frev $=\mathrm{c} / \mathrm{C}=77.25[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Revolution Time | : trev = $\mathrm{C} / \mathrm{c}=12.78$ [ s ] |
| Operation Energy | : $28-250 \mathrm{GeV}$ for p <br> $10-100 \mathrm{GeV} / \mathrm{N}$ for HI |
| Luminosity (Av.) | $\begin{aligned} & : 1.5 \cdot 10 * * 31[/ \mathrm{cm} * * 2 / \mathrm{sec}] \text { for } \mathrm{p} \\ & 2 \cdot 10 * * 26[/ \mathrm{cm} * * 2 / \mathrm{sec}] \\ & \quad \text { for Au-Au at top energy } \end{aligned}$ |
| Typical RHIC Cycle |  |
| Filling Time | : < 1 [min] for each ring |
| Acceleration | : 1 [min] |
| Collision Mode | : ~ 10 [hr] at top energy |
| Transition Energy | : gamma-t $=24.7$ |
| No. of Bunches | : $\mathrm{Nb}=57 /$ Ring (upgrade $\times 2$ ) |

Expected extracted beam parameters from the AGS with the Booster for RHIC injection are listed below:

Table II.le. Extracted Beam Parameters for RHIC Injection

|  | Proton | Silicon | Gold |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Charge/Mass No.: | +1/1 | +14/28 | +77/197 | [Z/A]* |
| p | 29.0 | 14.5 | 11.3 | [ $\mathrm{GeV} / \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{N}$ ] |
| en | 20.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | [mm-mrad] |
| dp/p : | $\pm 0.056$ | $\pm 0.084$ | $\pm 0.102$ | [\%] |
| bunch length : | <17. | 17. | 17. | [ ns ] |
| bunch area : | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | [ $\mathrm{eV} \cdot \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{N}]$ |
| No. ions/bunch : | 100. | 5.6 | 1.0 | [10**9] |

(from [4])
In the AGS the Au ions will be accelerated with 2 electrons in a filled K-shell (Au77+). The extracted Au beam wiil be fully stripped by passing through a stripping foil in the transfer line from the AGS to RHIC [ATR][8] before RHIC injection.
II.B Lattice and Beam Parameters at G10 and H10

For design purposes, we may assume that the maximum operational momentum is
(1) $\operatorname{pmax}=30.0[\mathrm{GeV} / \mathrm{c}]$, ( $24.5<$ pnominal < $29.0 \mathrm{GeV} / \mathrm{c}$ ),
the $95 \%$ normalized transverse beam emittance, en $=e \cdot(p / m)$, with high intensity proton beam at high energy, is
(2) $\operatorname{env}(95)=\operatorname{enh}(95)=50 \mathrm{pi}[\mathrm{mm}-\mathrm{mrad}]$,
where $\mathrm{ev}=\mathrm{eh}=6 \cdot \mathrm{sig}^{2} \cdot \mathrm{pi} / \mathrm{Bx}$, using $\mathrm{xmax}=\mathrm{v}[\mathrm{e} \cdot \mathrm{Bx} / \mathrm{pi}]=2.45 \cdot \mathrm{sig}$ and sig is the standard deviation of the beam size $[+]$, and the maximum total fractional momentum spread allowed is
(3) $\mathrm{dp} / \mathrm{p}= \pm 2.0 \times 10^{\sim 3}$.

Fig. 3 shows the half horizontal beam width (99\%) as a function of momentum for various assumptions.

The real values of en(95) and $d p / p$ for high intensity and high energy bunched proton beam in the AGS have not been measured well. It is assumed that $20<\mathrm{en}(95)<\sim 35 \mathrm{pi}$ mm-mrad and $\pm 0.5<\mathrm{dp} / \mathrm{p}< \pm 1.2$ x10 ${ }^{\sim 3}$ [9]. For RHIC injection, the expected values of en and $d p / p$ are substantially lower than these values due to rather low intensity beam operation and the AGS Improvemnet Program as seen in Table II.d.
[+] AGS vertical betatron space available and admittance are ${ }^{\sim} 70 \mathrm{~mm}$ and ~54 pi mm-mrad, respectively. The horizontal ones are ${ }^{\sim} 116 \mathrm{~mm}$ and ~128 pi mm-mrad.

The relevant beam and lattice parameters [10] at straight section G10 and H10 are listed together with the parameters of the present FEB/SBE extraction magnets in the following table.

Table II.2. Beam and Lattice Parameters at G10 and H10

|  | : | G10 | \{ $\mathrm{HO5}$ \} | H10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bh [m] | : | $\begin{gathered} 19.9-12.0 \\ (15.5) \end{gathered}$ | \{22.1\} | $\begin{gathered} 19.9-12.0 \\ (15.5) \end{gathered}$ |
| Bv [m] | : | $\begin{gathered} 12 \cdot 0-19.9 \\ (15.5) \end{gathered}$ | \{10.5\} | $\begin{gathered} 12.0-19.9 \\ (15.5) \end{gathered}$ |
| Dx [m] | : | $\begin{aligned} & 2.09-1.63 \\ & (1.86) \end{aligned}$ | \{2.17\} | $\begin{gathered} 2.09-1.63 \\ (1.86) \end{gathered}$ |
| beam width (95\%) for en=50 mm-mrad and $\begin{array}{r}\text { dp/p }= \pm 2.0 \times 10^{\sim 3} \\ \text { at } \mathrm{m}=28.5 \mathrm{GeV} / \mathrm{c}\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 2.v[ev. | v/pi] [ | : 9.0-11.5 | \{8.3\} | 9.1-11.7 |
| $2 \cdot \mathrm{Dx} \cdot \mathrm{dp}$ | p [mm] | 8.4-6.5 | \{8.7\} | 8.4-6.5 |
|  |  | FKG10 | FKH05/E05 | SMH10 |
| Aper tur | width <br> gap | $\begin{array}{rl} : ~ & \mathrm{w} \\ \mathrm{~g} & =? \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \{31.8\} \\ & \{12.7\} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \{62.7\} \\ & \{25.4\} \end{aligned}$ |
| leff | [m] | ? | \{0.89\} | \{2.13\} |
| $\varnothing$ | [mrad] | ? | \{1.13\} | \{22.0\} |

At $10-f t$ straight section Bh and Bv are rapidly changing as well as Dx
 and 4 b .

## CHAPTER 3

III. FAST MULTIPULSING KICKER MAGNET [FKG10]

## III.A Kick [B•1]

The full horizontal beam width is usually defined either by
$2 \cdot$ beam size $=2 \cdot v\left[e h \cdot R h / p i+(D x \cdot d p / p)^{2}\right]$,
assuming that the $d p / p$ distribution is symmetric and the transverse and longitudinal emittances are uncorrelated, or otherwise by

$$
(=2 \cdot \mathrm{v}[\mathrm{eh} \cdot \mathrm{Bh} / \mathrm{pi}]+2 \cdot \mathrm{Dx} \cdot \mathrm{dp} / \mathrm{p}) .
$$

Hence, for $\mathrm{p}=28.5 \mathrm{GeV} / \mathrm{c}$ the maximum full beam width ( $95 \%$ emittance) with $\mathrm{dp} / \mathrm{p}= \pm 0.2 \%$ at H 10 is

$$
=14.2[\mathrm{~mm}] \quad(\text { or } 19.9[\mathrm{~mm}])
$$

using $\operatorname{eh}(95)=50 \cdot(\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{p})=1.65$ pi mm-mrad, $\mathrm{Kh}(\mathrm{H} 10)=19.9 \mathrm{~m}$ and $\mathrm{Dx}(\mathrm{H} 10)=2.09 \mathrm{~m}$.
If we use $99 \%$ emittance, then we have

$$
=16.4[\mathrm{~mm}]
$$

as seen in Fig. 3.
Assuming that we need 1 mm separation and 1 mm safety margin at both sides of the septum of the ejector magnet [SMH10], and ${ }^{\sim} 10 \mathrm{~mm}$ septum thickness [ + ], then the minimum separation of the circulating beam and the beam kicked by FKG10 at H10 is

$$
\begin{array}{rlr}
\mathrm{dx}(\mathrm{H} 10) & =\text { beam width }+ \text { septum thickness } & + \text { additional } \\
& =16.4+4.0 \\
& =30.4[\mathrm{~mm}] &
\end{array}
$$

[+] If we choose a DC-mode for the ejctor magnet during the SMBE main magnet flattop (at max. $\sim 100 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) rather than pulsing, we must increase the septum thickness from 2.3 mm to ${ }^{\sim} 10 \mathrm{~mm}$. See details in Chapter 5 for SMH10.

Then, the deflection angle [ø] required at FKG10 is given by

$$
\begin{aligned}
\curvearrowleft & =\frac{\mathrm{dx}(\mathrm{H} 10)}{\mathrm{v}[\mathrm{~B}(\mathrm{G10}) \cdot \mathrm{B}(\mathrm{H} 10)] \cdot \sin (\mathrm{d} \mu)} \\
& =\frac{30.4}{\mathrm{v}[15.5 \cdot 15.5] \cdot \sin (4.524)} \\
& =-2.00 \quad[\mathrm{mrad}]
\end{aligned}
$$

where $d \mu=\mu(H 10)-\mu(G 10)=Q h \cdot 2 \cdot \mathrm{pi} / 12$ rad, the phase advance from FKG10 to SMH10. This corresponds to

$$
\begin{aligned}
{[\text { BdI }} & =\text { Bo. } \cdot \text { leff }=\boldsymbol{q} \cdot \mathrm{pc} / 0.2998 \\
] \quad & =-0.19 \quad[\mathrm{~T}-\mathrm{m}] \quad \text { at } \mathrm{p}=28.5 \mathrm{GeV} / \mathrm{c}
\end{aligned}
$$

If we arbitrarily select the effective length of the FKG10 as 1.0,1.6,2.0 or $2.4 \mathrm{~m}[+]$, then the magnetic strength of the kicker should be

[+] The required power can be minimized by choosing leff as the maximum length available for the kicker at $10-\mathrm{ft}$ straight section G10.

## III.B Magnet Type

For the design of a fast multipulsing kicker magnet at G10 [FKG10], the following magnet types are available:
"C" type: + easier installation and service of vacuum chamber, - bad magnetic symmetry (produces quadrupole components), (a lower field in the gap on the outside than on the inside).

Picture : + good symmetry up to high fields (2 T),i.e., 2-fold symmetry, frame + hard to be deformed by field, + excellent field uniformity,

- hard to use the gap ( a full aperture magnet? At $\mathrm{p}=2.25$ $\mathrm{GeV} / \mathrm{c}$ (booster injection) e $=22$ pi mm-mrad, so $\mathrm{w} x \mathrm{~g}$ must be $>45 \mathrm{mmx} 45 \mathrm{~mm}$, N.B. physical AGS acceptance $=127 \mathrm{mmx} 75 \mathrm{~mm})$, - space for coils is limited.

The existing H5 and E5 kickers are "C"-type open magnets and the kicker magnet for the original FEB system was a full aperture (2"(v) x $5^{\prime \prime}(\mathrm{h})$ ) ferrite magnet with a picture frame [11])


## III.C Physical Aperture

The minimum field region needed in the G10 kicker is

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{dx} & =2 \cdot \mathrm{v}\left[\mathrm{eh}(99) \cdot \mathrm{B} / \mathrm{pi}+(\mathrm{Dx} \cdot \mathrm{dp} / \mathrm{p})^{2}\right]+?+(\text { (additional space to ensure } \\
& =16.4+5+\mathrm{g}[\mathrm{~mm}] \quad \text { the good field region, usually take } g) \\
\mathrm{dy} & =2 \cdot \mathrm{v}[\mathrm{ev}(99) \cdot \mathrm{Bv}]+?(\text { additional space }) \\
& =14.0+2 \\
& =16.0 \quad[\mathrm{~mm}]
\end{aligned}
$$

So the minimum physical aperture is
\{FKH5/E5\}

```
w = > 21.4 + g[mm] m 38.5 [mm]
g=>16.0[mm] {
```

$\{32 \mathrm{~mm}$ \}
N.B. - We may have to operate SBME at lower energy (e.g. p $=24.5 \mathrm{GeV} / \mathrm{c}$ ).

- The vertical aperture [g] can be matched with the rapidly increasing vertical beta function [Bv] at G10.

If we built a full aperture fast multi-pulsing kicker, there would be some merits; however, it is unlikely due to its high cost ( $\sim 1.0 \mathrm{M}$ ) and R\&D time. Therefore, we comsider a C-type ferrite magnet with a limited aperture.
III.D General Constraints [I, L, V]

The magnet current needed is given by

$$
I=\frac{\mathrm{Bo} \cdot \mathrm{~g}}{\mu \mathrm{Lo}}=\frac{\text { Bo } \cdot \mathrm{g}}{4 \cdot \mathrm{pi} \cdot 10 * *-7}
$$

where $I[A], B o[T], g[m], \mu o[W / A / M]$ and the corresponding total magnet inductance (single turn) is

$$
\text { Lmag }=\mu \mathrm{o} \cdot \mathrm{leff} \cdot \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{g} .
$$

Substituting $g=17.0 \mathrm{~mm}$ and $\mathrm{w}=38.5 \mathrm{~mm}$, we have

| leff [m] | 1.0 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bo [T] | 0.19 | 0.12 | 0.095 | 0.079 |
| I [kA] | 2.57 | 1.60 | 1.29 | 1.07 |
| Lmag [ $\mu \mathrm{H}$ ] | 2.85 | 4.55 | 5.69 | 6.83 |

N.B. - Subdividing the FKG10 into $N$ identical modules can reduce the impedance, voltage and power by $1 / \mathrm{N}$.

The minimum charge voltage to perform the full field in t_rise $={ }^{\sim} 160 \mathrm{~ns}$ [+] is given by

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{V}=\text { Lmag } \cdot \frac{\mathrm{dI}}{\mathrm{dt}} & =\text { Bo } \cdot \text { leff } \cdot \mathrm{W} / \mathrm{t} \text { rise } \\
& =0.190 \cdot 3.85 \cdot \overline{1} 0^{\sim} / 1.6 \cdot 10 * *-7 \\
& =45.7[\mathrm{kV}] .
\end{aligned}
$$

Since we have to add the additional stray inductance ( $\sim 0.6 \mu \mathrm{H}$ ?), V must be greater than 45.7 kV . e.g., the minimum voltage for the leff= 2.0 m case will be

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =(5.7+0.6)[\mu \mathrm{H}] \cdot 1290[\mathrm{~A}] / 160[\mathrm{~ns}] \\
& =50.7[\mathrm{kV}]
\end{aligned}
$$

The peak power can be calculated by

$$
W=V \cdot I=\frac{(B o \cdot l e f f)^{2} \cdot(W \cdot g)}{\mu O \cdot l e f f \cdot t}
$$

[+] FKG10 must be energized in the time interval between two successive circulating bunches. See Chapter 5.

CHAPTER 4
IV. KICKER PULSER

In order to achieve clean bunch-by-bunch extraction, the kicker pulse duration is the bunch reptition period and the fall time of the kicker magnetic field must be as rapid as the rise time as shown in Fig.2. The total length in the FKG10 kicker pulse is

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { To } & =\mathrm{t} \text { rise }+\mathrm{t} \text { flat }+\mathrm{t} \text { fall } \\
& =160 \\
& =380[\mathrm{~ns}]\left[\begin{array}{l}
40 \\
\\
\end{array}+1 \overline{8} 0\right.
\end{aligned}
$$

and the pulse waveform.is essentially half sine. The recharge time must be an order of ${ }^{\circ} 5 \mathrm{msec}$ since SBE will repeat every 8 ms or so up to 12 times per AGS cycle.

A practical limit of the maximum pulse voltage on the magnet is ~40 kV and it is also desirable to keep $\mathrm{V}=\sim 30 \mathrm{kV}$ or less if we want to operate the thyratron in the air; therefore, the magnet will be subdivided into several [N] shorter modules and powered in parallel. e.g., for $\mathrm{N}=4$ (leff=2.0 m),

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 0.956 \\
\mathrm{dI}=\mathrm{Lmag} \cdot \frac{1 /}{\mathrm{dt}} & =\left(5.69 / \mathrm{N}^{2}+0.6\right) \cdot 1290 \cdot \mathrm{~N} / 160 \\
& =(\mathrm{kV}]
\end{aligned}
$$

Substituting $I=5.16 \mathrm{kA}$, we find the characteristic impedance of the pulse forming network (PFN) to be

$$
Z o=V / I=30.8 / 5.16=6.0[0 \mathrm{hm}] .
$$

In principle, the total number of magnetic modules [N] is a matter of choice. However, it is usually chosen to give the required rise time and to minimize the flattop ripple.

The pulse current is generated by discharging an energy storage capacitor in the kicker magnet coil by a thyratron switch. The total inductance and capacitance of the PFN can be obtained by $\mathrm{To}=\mathrm{pi} \cdot \mathrm{v}[\mathrm{L} \cdot \mathrm{C}] / 2$ and $\mathrm{Zo}=\mathrm{v}[\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{C}]$.
[+] For single-turn fast extraction [FEB], the pulse duration is the revolution period (i.e., tflat $=2.6 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ) and the fall time is arbitrary.

The pulser described here is a "mismatched" type similar to the FKH5/E5 pulser, and it has to be mounted on the magnet [11]. The FKE5 pulser for SBE has the following electrical parameters:

Table IV. the FKE05 pulser parameters

(from [11])

If the pulser is to be mounted outside the ring due to the high radiation environment, it will have to be a "matched" PFN. The magnet is loaded with capacitance so it behaves like a transmission line of the correct impedance and the PFN/energy storage voltage will be twice the maximum pulsing voltage on magnet ( $V \bar{P} F N=2 \cdot V$ ) and it has to be oil insulated [12].

Is it possible to build a PFN which is capable of varying the pulse length on magnet between 0.4 and $2.8 \mu$ so that any desired number of bunches can be extracted any desired times?

According to Fiander at CERN [13], at a moderate cost ( $\sim 300 \mathrm{~K}$ ) we can build a simple fast kicker/PFN system which satisfies our requirements, including variable pulse length at least up to $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ without running into droop and "tail" problems. His design uses 3 short-circuited delay line magnet modules ( $3 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~m}$ ) fed from a 8.33 Ohm cable PFN to ${ }^{\sim} 30 \mathrm{KV}$. Double ended PFN switching is required and the switch at the non-magnet end of PFN must be bi-directional. There are many kickers in the CERN PS of the same principle and they have quite similar performance and reliability records as the more conventional systems [13].

## CHAPTER 5

## V. EJECTION SEPTUM MAGNET

A new out-of-vacuumm septum magnet, SMH10 (Mark V), has been built for standard FEB operation and its magnetic properties have been intensively analysed [14].

Table V.1 Parameters of SMH10 (Mark V)

```
Eff. Septum Thickness : ws = 2.29 [mm]
```

incl. vac. ch. wall
Aperture Width
Gap
Effective Length
Deflection
Pulse Type/Base
Rise Time
Cuurent
Field
Filed Tolerance

```
                                    (2.91)
: w = 62.7 [mm]
g = 25.4[mm]
                                    (27.4)
leff=221 [cm]
                            (208)
        \varnothing = 22 [mrad]
    half sine / 1.2 [ms]
    t = 0.7[ms]
    I = 21.3[kA]
    B = 1.07[T]
    pulse-to-pluse }\pm0.5
```

If we choose a DC mode for the ejector magnet during the SBME main magnet flattop (max. about 100 ms ), then the septum thickness must be increased from the present value of 2.3 mm to ${ }^{\sim} 10 \mathrm{~mm}$. If it is water-cooled, the septum thickness of ${ }^{5} \mathrm{~mm}$ may be sufficient [15].

## CHAPTER 6

## VI. ORBIT BUMPS

Local orbit deformations are needed to move the circultating beam into the aperture of the fast kicker and also to bring the beam adjacent to the septum of the ejector magnet before turning on the kicker in order to avoid excess beam loss during injection, as the FKG10 is a C-type open magnet with a limited aperture placed $\sim 50 \mathrm{~mm}$ away from the centeral orbit. These orbit bumps are generated by powering backleg windings on selected AGS main magnets so arranged that the tune shifts and stopbands at $0 \mathrm{~h}=8.5$ are minimized [16]. The bumps have to be pulsed for each SBE or stay a DC mode during the SBME period in the AGS cycle.
VI.A Local Orbit Bump for the Ejector Magnet

There is an existing standard 3/2 lambda backleg winding local bump for FEB (FKH05/SMH10):

Table VI. Parameters of the BLWH07 bump


However, the BLWH07 cannot make a sufficient bump at G10 and also is not optimized for H10. Therefore, the BLWH07 will be shifted downstream by four magnets as shown in Fig. 5 [+]:

BLWH11 : G10/G11,H04/H05,H18/H19 \& I12/I13
[+] The AGS lattice is anti-symmetric around $10-\mathrm{ft}$ straight section.

## VI. B A New Bump for the Fast Kicker

To maintain the perturbation of the AGS lattice minimum, we consider another $3 / 2$ lambda (rather than $1 / 2$ lambda) horizantal orbit bump with the opposite polarity for FKG10:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { BLWG09 : F08/F09,G02/G03,G16,G17 \& H10/H11 } \\
& +\quad+\quad \text { - } \quad \text { - }+
\end{aligned}
$$

It appears that with the combination of BLWGO9 and BLWH11, the beam kicked by FKG10 may hit the inside wall of the vacuum chamber around G13. If the bump is shifted upstream by two magnets, it may be possible to avoid the beam hitting the vacuum wall. However, there are some concerns about putting FKG10 inside due to possible radiation damage since at the AGS we occasionally dump the beam inward by turning off the RF. In addition, for an inward kick, making a bump outward and putting FKG10 outside would be better.

With a combination of BLWGO9 (outside) and BLWH11, the beam can make it but the available space for the kicked beam is marginal around G17 as seen in Fig.6a and 6b. However, if we make the following adjustments:

BLWGH A
BLWGH B
BLWGH: F08/F09,G02/G03,G16/G17 and H04/H05/,H1票/H19,I12/I13
eliminating G10/G11 and H10/H11 and doubling kicks at G16/G17 and H04/H05 [+], which is more like a two-lambda bump, as shown in Fig.7, then it works nicely as described in the next chapter. The tune shifts and stopbands caused by bumps are investigated for various configurations. The results are summarized in Fig. 8.

## VI.C Vertical Bumps

Due to the limited vertical aperture of the extraction magnets, there are presently two vertical bump magnets, one at F 20 and another at I10, in order to make fine adjustments of the vertical beam position during extraction. There is a proposal to build a new vertical bump system with 10 magnets in straight section 07's [17].
[+] A hybrid bump BLWGH is suggested by Y.Y. LEE, hence is called Y.Y. bump.

## CHAPTER 7

VII. SIMULATION OF THE NEWFEB EXTRACTION

In Fig.9, we show the location of basic elements of NewFEB extraction system; (1) hybrid backleg windings [BLWGH] to produce local orbit deformations which bring the circulating beam in to the aperture of the fast kicker [FKG10] and also adjacent to the septum of the ejector magnet [SMH10], (2) FKG10 to kick one bunch at a time and to make the bunch jump the sepetum, (3) SMH10 to kick the bunch further to eject from the ring.

To find out the extracted beam parameter with the optimal NewFEB set-up, the accelerator modelling program MAD [18] was used to simulate the NewFEB extraction. A simulation was performed with a simple model of the AGS which includes only quadrupolar and sextupolar components of the main combined function magnets and the extraction components.

First, we run MAD to obtain the desired closed orbit at FKG10 and SMH10 , making fine adjustments of BLWGH as shown in Fig.7.

Then, the particle with initial conditions [x, $\left.x^{\prime}\right]$ at the beginning of straight section G10 [SSG10_us] is traced through the lattice and receives an appropriate kick -by FKG10 and by SMH10 respectively up to the middle of s.s. H13 [SSH13 md], where the beam is about 43 cm away from the central orbit, free from the fringe field of the ring magnets.

The beam ejected by SMH10 passes at larger radial positions ( $\mathrm{x}>10 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) through two horizontally defocusing main magnets [MMH11, MMH12], where the average field drops by more than $50 \%$ but the gradient reduces more gradually. When the beam moves into the fringe filed of a focusing magnet at H13 [MMH13] at $x>25 \mathrm{~cm}$, its gradient reverses sign and becomes defocusing. Since the fringe filed map for MMH13 is not available, the values calculated using the POISSON code [18] is used for simulation. Fig.10a and 10b show the AGS open defocusing and closed focusing main magnets with field lines. In Fig. 11 we show the POISSON calculation results for the magnetic field and gradient as a function of x for the defocusing and focusing magnets.

The simulation results from SSG10_us to SSH13_md, the beginning of the U-line are shown in Fig. $12^{-}$and summarized in the following table:

|  | 28.5 | [ $\mathrm{GeV} / \mathrm{c}$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BLWGH_A | $=2.0$ | [mrad/pair] |
| - ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | $=1.6$ | [mrad/pair] |
| FKG10 | $=1.6$ | [mrad] |
| SMH10 | $=20.0$ | [mrad] |

Table VII.1. ( $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{x}^{\prime}$ ) and (Dx, DX') from G10 to H13

| FKG10/SMH10: |  | Off | On |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Position \| $\mathrm{x}[\mathrm{mm}] \mathrm{x}$ [mrad |  |  | $\mathrm{x}[\mathrm{mm}] \mathrm{x}^{\prime}[\mathrm{mrad}] \mathrm{Dx}[\mathrm{m}] \mathrm{DX}^{\prime}[\mathrm{rad}]$ |  |  |  |
| ======= | 72.7 | -5.6 | 72.7 | -5.6 | 1.32 | -0.069 |
| FKG10-us | 69.8 | -5.6 | 69.8 | -5.6 | 1.29 | -0.067 |
|  | 58.5 | -5.6 | 56.9 | -7.2 | 1.16 | -0.067 |
| SSG20-md | 5.9 | 0.6 | -13.6 | 0.2 | 2.67 | 0.205 |
| SSH10_us | 52.5 | -3.1 | 81.5 | -4.8 | 1.35 | -0.106 |
|  | 45.9 | -3.1 | 92.7 | 15.2 | 1.11 | -0.126 |
| MmH11_us | 44.5 | -3.1 | 99.7 | 15.2 | 1.05 | -0.126 |
|  | 42.6 | 1.1 | 141.4 | 27.0 | 0.87 | -0.007 |
| MmH12_us | 43.2 | 1.1 | 157.9 | 27.0 | 0.85 | -0.007 |
|  | 49.8 | 5.6 | 230.3 | 46.3 | 0.88 | 0.107 |
| MMH13-us | 53.2 | 5.6 | 258.6 | 46.3 | 0.92 | 0.107 |
|  | 58.9 | -0.9 | 389.1 | 63.8 | 1.14 | 0.190 |
| SSH13-md | 58.2 | -0.9 | 437.7 | 63.8 | 1.24 | 0.190 |

Table VII.2a and VII.2b show more complete outputs from MAD for circulating beam and extracted beam with the NewFEB system.

Since the g-2 $\mu \mathrm{SR}$ uses the secondary pions fron the $V$-target, the small variations of these extracted beam parameters do not directly influence the beam parameters at $\mu \mathrm{SR}$ injection. Due to its high intensity operation it is important that the NewFEB system can achieves a high extraction efficiency for the $g-2$ experiment to minimizes beam losses. However, for RHIC injection any change (pulse-to-pulse and/or cycle-to-cycle) of the AGS extracted bunch beam parameters ( $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{x}^{\prime}, \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{dp} / \mathrm{p}$, Twiss parameters, etc.) will directly influence the beam parameters at RHIC injection, hence its performance [8][20]. So reliablilty of the system and stability/reproducibility of the extracted beam parameters are more crucial in this case. More complete and realistic simulations of the NewFEB extraction and beam transfer to RHIC will be needed in order to specify details of the NewFEB system components as well as the overall required AGS peformance as the injector for RHIC.

In order to assess the validity of modeling the NewFEB extraction, we also simulated fast extraction with the present FEB system using the same method. Table II. 3 shows the extracted beam parameters found at SSH13 md for FEB and NewFEB by MAD together with the previous calculations by Weng [1] using the AGS Beam program and values measured by Thern [9] using the SEM in 1985 for FEB.

Table VII.3. Extracted Beam Parameters at SSH13_md


Our results for the FEB system using MAD are in reasonable agreement both with Ref.[1] and Ref.[2]. We find that the NewFEB results are quite similar to the FEB results except $D x$ and $D x^{\prime}$ though these values are rather sensitive to exact setting values for extraction parameters, especially to fine tuning of the orbit bumps.

Table. VII. $2 a$ Circulating BEAM with Y.Y. Bump
AGS NewFeb SYSTEM - BLWGH(Y.Y. BUMP) (Vax)
"MAD" VERSION: 6.01/03 RUN: 14-MAR-9 14:08:12 IINEAR LATTICE PARAMETERS FOR BEAM IINE: "RGNFEB ", RANGE = "\#S/\#E" DELTA $(P) / P=0.000000 \quad$ SYMM $=F$


PAGE

| 41 FS | 2 | 41.299 | 16.065 | 1.843 | 5.058 | 6.603 | -0.757 | 3.014-0.359 | 21.606 | -1.630 | 0.469 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 42 D 2 T | 3 | 41.908 | 13.920 | 1.676 | 5.065 | 6.141 | $-0.757$ | 2.796-0.359 | 23.655 | -1.733 | 0.473 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 43 DLC | 1 | 44.296 | 10.259 | -0.005 | 5.098 | 5.110 | -0.126 | 2.327-0.044 | 25.444 | 1.054 | 0.488 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 44 DSO3 | 3 | 44.718 | 10.280 | -0.046 | 5.105 | 5.057 | -0.126 | 2.308-0.044 | 24.569 | 1.019 | 0.491 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 45 QDV | 1 | 45.398 | 10.388 | -0.112 | 5.115 | 4.971. | -0.126 | 2.278-0.044 | 23.221 | 0.963 | 0.495 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 46 DS 03 | 4 | 45.819 | 10.500 | -0.153 | 5.122 | 4.918 | -0.126 | 2.260-0.044 | 22.424 | 0.928 | 0.498 | 0.000 | 0.000 | . 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 47 DLC | 2 | 48.207 | 15.136 | -1.962 | 5.153 | 5.292 | 0.447 | 2.5010 .251 | 13.572 | 2.433 | 0.519 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 48 BWH04 | 1 | 48.207 | 15.136 | -1.962 | 5.153 | 5.292 | 2.047 | 2.5010 .249 | 13.572 | 2.433 | 0.519 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 49 D 2 L | 3 | 48.817 | 17.647 | -2.158 | 5.159 | 6.539 | 2.047 | 2.6510 .249 | 10.796 | 2.122 | 0.527 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 50 FLA | 1 | 51.204 | 23.423 | -0.036 | 5.177 | 10.328 | 1.054 | 2.893-0.048 | 5.120 | 0.467 | 0.582 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 51 BWH05 | 1 | 51.204 | 23.423 | -0.036 | 5.177 | 10.328 | 2.654 | 2.893-0.050 | 5.120 | 0.467 | 0.582 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 52 MH05 | 1 | 51.204 | 23.423 | -0.036 | 5.177 | 10.328 | 2.654 | 2.893-0.050 | 5.120 | 0.467 | 0.582 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 53 DSH05 | 1 | 51.521 | 23.451 | -0.050 | 5.179 | 11.169 | 2.654 | 2.877-0.050 | 4.848 | 0.392 | 0.592 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 54 FKH05 | 1 | 52.411 | 23.574 | -0.088 | 5.185 | 13.531 | 2.654 | 2.830-0.050 | 4.339 | 0.180 | 0.623 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 55 DSH05 | 2 | 52.728 | 23.634 | -0.102 | 5.188 | 14.372 | 2.654 | 2.814-0.050 | 4.249 | 0.104 | 0.635 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 56 MH 05 | 2 | 52.728 | 23.634 | -0.102 | 5.188 | 14.372 | 2.654 | 2.814-0.050 | 4.249 | 0.104 | 0.635 | 0.000 | 0.000 . | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 57 FLA | 2 | 55.116 | 18.368 | 2.102 | 5.205 | 18.497 | 0.723 | 2.354-0.323 | 6.406 | -1.088 | 0.714 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 58 D2L | 4 | 55.725 | 15.915 | 1.923 | 5.211 | 18.938 | 0.723 | 2.156-0.323 | 7.858 | -1.296 | 0.728 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 59 DLC | 3 | 58.113 | 11.607 | 0.045 | 5.240 | 23.407 | 3.106 | 1.682-0.079 | 12.755 | -0.562 | 0.764 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 60 DS 07 | 3 | 58.547 | 11.584 | 0.007 | 5.246 | 24.757 | 3.106 | 1.647-0.079 | 13.263 | -0.607 | 0.770 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 61 SxV | 1 | 59.202 | 11.612 | -0.049 | 5.255 | 26.791 | 3.106 | 1.593-0.079 | 14.102 | -0.674 | 0.777 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 62 DS 07 | 4 | 59.637 | 11.671 | -0.087 | 5.261 | 28.141 | 3.106 | 1.557-0.079 | 14.707 | -0.719 | 0.782 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 63 DLC | 4 | 62.024 | 16.260 | -2.010 | 5.290 | 39.874 | 6.946 | 1.6030 .128 | 14.345 | 0.856 | 0.807 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 64 D2T | 4 | 62.634 | 18.825 | -2.198 | 5.296 | 44.107 | 6.946 | 1.6770 .128 | 13.347 | 0.782 | 0.814 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 65 FS | 3 | 64.640 | 24.393 | -0.397 | 5.310 | 53.436 | 2.201 | 1.784-0.014 | 13.001 | -0.599 | 0.839 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 66 D2S | 4 | 65.250 | 24.895 | -0.426 | 5.314 | 54.777 | 2.201 | 1.774-0.014 | 13.770 | -0.663 | 0.847 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
|  | 4 | 67.256 | 22.149 | 1.706 | 5.327 | 53.883 | -3.078 | 1.605-0.152 | 19.994 | -2.629 | 0.867 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 68 BWH10 | 1 | 67.256 | 22.149 | 1.706 | 5.327 | 53.883 | -3.078 | 1.605-0.152 | 19.994 | -2.629 | 0.867 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 69 DSH10 | 1 | 67.713 | 20.628 | 1.625 | 5.331 | 52.477 | -3.078 | 1.537-0.152 | 22.478 | -2.810 | 0.870 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 70 SMH10 | 1 | 69.847 | 14.496 | 1.248 | 5.350 | 45.910 | -3.078 | 1.218-0.152 | 36.271 | -3.654 | 0.882 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 71 DSH10 | 2 | 70.304 | 13.393 | 1.168 | 5.356 | 44.504 | -3.078 | 1.150-0.152 | 39.692 | -3.835 | 0.884 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 72 MH10 | 1 | 70.304 | 13.393 | 1.168 | 5.356 | 44.504 | -3.078 | 1.150-0.152 | 39.692 | -3.835 | 0.884 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 73 DS | 5 | 72.311 | 11.649 | -0.243 | 5.382 | 42.554 | 1.104 | 0.976-0.026 | 47.265 | 0.316 | 0.891 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 74 BWH 11 | 1 | 72.311 | 11.649 | -0.243 | 5.382 | 42.554 | 1.104 | 0.976-0.026 | 47.265 | 0.316 | 0.891 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 75 D2S | 5 | 72.920 | 11.979 | -0.298 | 5.390 | 43.227 | 1.104 | 0.960-0.026 | 46.888 | 0.302 | 0.893 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 76 DS | 6 | 74.927 | 16.270 | -1.977 | 5.414 | 49.823 | 5.576 | 1.0200 .093 | 37.208 | 4.195 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 77 D2T | 5 | 75.536 | 18.792 | -2.161 | 5.420 | 53.221 | 5.576 | 1.0730 .093 | 32.280 | 3.890 | 0.903 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 78 FLC | 5 | 77.924 | 24.360 | 0.042 | 5.437 | 58.903 | -0.925 | 1.173-0.006 | 22.700 | 0.468 | 0.918 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 79 BWH13 | 1 | 77.924 | 24.360 | 0.042 | 5.437 | 58.903 | -0.925 | 1.173-0.006 | 22.700 | 0.468 | 0.918 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 80 D 2 H | 3 | 78.686 | 24.320 | 0.010 | 5.442 | 58.199 | -0.925 | 1.169-0.006 | 22.018 | 0.427 | 0.923 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 81 MH13 | 1 | 78.686 | 24.320 | 0.010 | 5.442 | 58.199 | -0.925 | 1.169-0.006 | 22.018 | 0.427 | 0.923 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 82 D 2 H | 4 | 79.448 | 24.328 | -0.021 | 5.447 | 57.494 | -0.925 | 1.165-0.006 | 21.399 | 0.386 | 0.929 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |



|  |  | 2 | 41.299 | 15.523 | 1.724 | $0.438-7.063$ | 2.287 | 2.651-0.332 | 15.385 | $-1.848$ | 0.445 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 42 | D2T | 3 | 41.908 | 13.517 | 1.568 | 0.445-5.669 | 2.287 | 2.447-0.332 | 17.744 | -2.023 | 0.451 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 43 | DLC | 1 | 44.296 | 10.228 | -0.067 | $0.479-0.750$ | 1.928 | 1.989-0.056 | 22.791 | 0.105 | 0.469 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 44 | DS03 | 3 | 44.718 | 10.303 | -0.109 | 0.4850 .063 | 1.928 | 1.965-0.056 | 22.710 | 0.087 | 0.472 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 45 | QDV | 1 | 45.398 | 10.496 | -0.175 | 0.4961 .374 | 1.928 | 1.925-0.056 | 22.613 | 0.057 | 0.477 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 46 | DS03 | 4 | 45.819 | 10.661 | -0.217 | 0.5022 .187 | 1.928 | 1.901-0.056 | 22.573 | 0.038 | 0.480 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 47 | DLC | 2 | 48.207 | 15.710 | -2.088 | $0.533 \quad 7.308$ | 2.460 | 2.0550 .193 | 16.995 | 2.079 | 0.498 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 48 | BWH04 | 1 | 48.207 | 15.710 | -2.088 | $0.533 \quad 7.308$ | 4.060 | 2.0550 .192 | 16.995 | 2.079 | 0.498 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 49 | D2L | 3 | 48.817 | 18.382 | -2.296 | 0.5399 .783 | 4.060 | $2.170 \quad 0.192$ | 14.577 | 1.888 | 0.504 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 50 | FLA | 1 | 51.204 | 24.640 | -0.082 | 0.55617 .728 | 2.443 | 2.341-0.044 | 10.128 | 0.140 | 0.537 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 51 | BWH05 | 1 | 51.204 | 24.640 | -0.082 | 0.55617 .728 | 4.043 | 2.341-0.046 | 10.128 | 0.140 | 0.537 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 52 | MH05 | 1 | 51.204 | 24.640 | -0.082 | 0.55617 .728 | 4.043 | 2.341-0.046 | 10.128 | 0.140 | 0.537 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 53 | DSH05 | 1 | 51.521 | 24.696 | -0.095 | 0.55819 .009 | 4.043 | 2.326-0.046 | 10.050 | 0.108 | 0.542 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 54 | FKH05 | 1 | 52.411 | 24.898 | -0.131 | 0.56322 .607 | 4.043 | 2.281-0.046 | 9.937 | 0.019 | 0.557 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 55 | DSH05 | 2 | 52.728 | 24.985 | -0.144 | 0.56523 .889 | 4.043 | 2.265-0.046 | 9.935 | -0.013 | 0.562 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 56 | MH05 | 2 | 52.728 | 24.985 | -0.144 | 0.56523 .889 | 4.043 | 2.265-0.046 | 9.935 | -0.013 | 0.562 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 57 | FLA | 2 | 55.116 | 19.567 | 2.204 | 0.58229 .914 | 0.889 | 1.887-0.259 | 13.583 | -1.650 | 0.596 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 58 | D2I | 4 | 55.725 | 16.991 | 2.021 | 0.58730 .456 | 0.889 | 1.728-0.259 | 15.696 | -1.817 | 0.603 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 59 | DLC | 3 | 58.113 | 12.491 | 0.034 | 0.61536 .973 | 4.695 | 1.354-0.056 | 20.295 | 0.073 | 0.623 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 60 | DS07 | 3 | 58.547 | 12.477 | -0.001 | 0.62039 .012 | 4.695 | 1.327-0.056 | 20.241 | 0.051 | 0.627 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 61 | Sxv | 1 | 59.202 | 12.512 | -0.053 | 0.62942 .087 | 4.695 | 1.287-0.056 | 20.195 | 0.019 | 0.632 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 62 | DS07 | 4 | 59.637 | 12.573 | -0.088 | 0.63444 .127 | 4.695 | 1. $260-0.056$ | 20.188 | -0.003 | 0.635 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 63 | DLC | 4 | 62.024 | 17.445 | -2.138 | 0.66162 .117 | 10.716 | 1.3150 .119 | 15.297 | 1.854 | 0.656 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 64 | D2T | 4 | 62.634 | 20.170 | -2.332 | 0.66668 .648 | 10.716 | 1.3810 .119 | 13.146 | 1.677 | 0.663 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 65 | FS | 3 | 64.640 | 26.067 | -0.418 | 0.68083 .032 | 3.386 | 1.4940 .006 | 9.393 | 0.306 | 0.693 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 66 | D2S | 4 | 65.250 | 26.593 | -0.445 | 0.68485 .096 | 3.386 | 1.4960 .006 | 9.063 | 0.235 | 0.703 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 67 | FS | 4 | 67.256 | 23.6 .71 | 1.808 | 0.69683 .700 | -4.755 | 1.395-0.106 | 10.289 | -0.882 | 0.737 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 68 | BWH10 | 1 | 67.256 | 23.671 | 1.808 | 0.69683 .700 | $-4.755$ | 1.395-0.106 | 10.289 | -0.882 | 0.737 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 69 | DSH10 | 1 | 67.713 | 22.056 | 1.726 | 0.69981 .528 | -4.755 | $1.349-0.106$. | 11.132 | -0.961 | 0.744 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 70 | SMH10 | 1 | 69.847 | 15.512 | 1.341 | 0.71792 .721 | 15.245 | 1.111-0.126 | 16.022 | -1.330 | 0.770 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 71 | DSH10 | 2 | 70.304 | 14.324 | 1.259 | 0.72299 .686 | 15.245 | 1.046-0.126 | 17.274 | -1.409 | 0.774 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 72 | MH1 0 | 1 | 70.304 | 14.324 | 1.259 | 0.72299 .686 | 15.245 | 1.046-0.126 | 17.274 | -1.409 | 0.774 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 73 | DS | 5 | 72.311 | 12.472 | -0.272 | 0.747141 .441 | 27.020 | 0.874-0.007 | 19.535 | 0.358 | 0.791 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 74 | BWH11 | 1 | 72.311 | 12.472 | -0.272 | 0.747141 .441 | 27.020 | 0.874-0.007 | 19.535 | 0.358 | 0.791 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 75 | D2S | 5 | 72.920 | 12.835 | -0.324 | 0.755157 .910 | 27.020 | 0.854-0.007 | 19.120 | 0.323 | 0.796 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 76 | DS | 6 | 74.927 | 17.627 | -2.218 | 0.777230 .350 | 46.278 | 0.8820 .107 | 14.441 | 1.832 | 0.815 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
|  | D2I | 5 | 75.536 | 20.456 | -2.423 | 0.782258 .555 | 46.278 | 0.9190 .107 | 12.320 | 1.648 | 0.822 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 78 | MGH13FR | 1 | 77.924 | 38.036 | -5.191 | 0.796389 .074 | 63.823 | 1.1440 .190 | 5.180 | 1.188 | 0.869 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 79 | BWH13 | 1 | 77.924 | 38.036 | -5.191 | 0.796389 .074 | 63.823 | 1.1440 .190 | 5.180 | 1.188 | 0.869 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 80 | D2H | 3 | 78.686 | 46.374 | -5.751 | 0.799437 .703 | 63.823 | 1.2410 .190 | 3.639 | 0.833 | 0.897 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 81 | MH13 | 1 | 78.686 | 46.374 | -5.751 | 0.799437 .703 | 63.823 | 1.2410 .190 | 3.639 | 0.833 | 0.897 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 82 | D2H | 4 | 79.448 | 55.565 | $-6.311$ | 0.801486 .331 | 63.823 | 1.3370 .190 | 2.640 | 0.479 | 0.937 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |

## CHAPTER 8

VIII. MISCELLANEOUS

Work on detailed engineering design/review, schedule and manpower/cost estimates for the NewFEB AIP project has not yet started due to the budgetary and manpower constraints from the Booster project.

## VIII.A Cost Estimates

A very rough cost estimate for the NewFEB project was previouesly done in conjunction with the BNL g-2 project, which started in FY1989.

Table VIII. Rough Cost Estimates

(from [3], Cost Estimate, 1.6 AGS Extraction Systems)

This estimate does not assume any labor from the operating budget. The total figure, ${ }^{\sim} \$ 1.35 \mathrm{M}$, does not include any spare FKG10 and SMH10.

## VIII.B Schedule

We are hoping that some engineering design work on the NewFEB system can start soon and the basic design can be fixed as soon as possible. Fig. 13 shows a tentative schedule [+].

NewFeB Milstones (Mar. 1991 Baseline)

```
April 1991 : Engineering design starts.
June 1993 : Extraction and transfer line test
October 1993 : Beam to the V-target and to the \muSR
January 1994 : the g-2 experiment run
April 1995 : Partial RHIC injection test
April 1997 : First collision at RHIC
```

VIII.C Responsibilities

Conceptual Design : Phys/Inj\&Ext and Beam Dynamics.

- detailing and updating the overall design
- study of the RHIC requirements
- operational aspect as the injector etc
- tracking NewFEB->U-line->ATR->RHIC
- measurements on beam parameters in the AGS with Booster

Mechanical Design : M.E.

- FKG10 P. Cameron,...
- SMH10
E. Rodger, ...
- BLWGH
?
Electrical Design : E. E.
- FKG10 Pulser S.Y. Zhang, W.Zhang, W. Frey, ....
- SMH10 PS PS group

Control System : Accelerator Controls Section

- Hardware
- Software

Beam Instruments : Phys/Diagnostic

- Loss Monitors R. Witkover
- Beam Profile
- Position Monitor
- Intensity Monitor
[+] It should be noted that the annual AGS summer shutdown time is only available for equipment installation since the AGS complex usually runs from 0ctober to June for its physics program.


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Fig. 1a Schematic layout of the AGS complex
$6 O^{\prime} \mathrm{CLOCK}$ INSERTION


Fig. 1b Schematic layout of the transferlines


Fig. 2 Display of the bunch structure in the AGS


Fig. 3 Half horizontal beam width (99\%)


Fig. 4 a Beta functions $\boldsymbol{\beta}_{\boldsymbol{h}}(s)$ and $\boldsymbol{\beta}_{v}(s)$


Fig. 4b Dispersion function $D_{x}(s)$


Fig. 5 BLWH11-3/2 lambda orbit bump for SMH10


Fig. 6a BLWG09 + BLWH11 for FKG10/SMH10


Fig. 6 b BLWG09 + BLWH11 with FKG0/SMH10on


Fig. 7 BLWGH(Y.Y.Bump) for NewFEB


Fig. 8 Tune shift and stopband width for various bumps


Fig. 9 Schemratic layout of the New FEB components


Fig. 10 a The AGS open focusing magnet with field lines


Fig. 10 b The $A G S$ closed defocusing magnet with field lines


Fig. 11 The $A G S$ main magnet field and gradient


Fig. 12 Extracted and circulated beam with the New FEB system


Fig. 13 Tentative Schedule for the New FEB System


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