

BNL-103942-2014-TECH AGS.SN64;BNL-103942-2014-IR

Beam Capture in High Voltage (150 KV peak) mode. Horn instabil.

E. Raka

May 1974

Collider Accelerator Department

Brookhaven National Laboratory

U.S. Department of Energy

USDOE Office of Science (SC)

Notice: This technical note has been authored by employees of Brookhaven Science Associates, LLC under Contract No.AT(30-1)-16 with the U.S. Department of Energy. The publisher by accepting the technical note for publication acknowledges that the United States Government retains a non-exclusive, paid-up, irrevocable, world-wide license to publish or reproduce the published form of this technical note, or allow others to do so, for United States Government purposes.

DISCLAIMER

This report was prepared as an account of work sponsored by an agency of the United States Government. Neither the United States Government nor any agency thereof, nor any of their employees, nor any of their contractors, subcontractors, or their employees, makes any warranty, express or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or any third party's use or the results of such use of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise, does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the United States Government or any agency thereof or its contractors or subcontractors. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States Government or any agency thereof.

The first part of this period was resed to adjust the RF parameter of for the high voltage captines mode (~150 Kr peak) giving a peak interesting 5.5×10¹². Ollo the F.F. B. was set up in parallel operation. At ~2.5×10¹² the horizontial instability seen on 3115 and earlier occassions was observed at around 500 msee (H-7 position 2-3 mm and no debunding at transition). When the interesty was increased to >5 ×10¹² the horizontal growth occurred at ~350 msee for H-7 position > 0. For H-7 < 0 the first vertical growth was seen at worth 320 msee. This is an individual brench instability with a very rapid growth rate (epololing time a flow msee;) that a very rapid growth rate (epololing time a flow msee;) that ablitude for the first vertical structure of the first vertical distribution of the position of

The remainder of the time was spent student the broughted instability as a function of a facility position. It moves amon what in time as a function of a for a fixed intensty allow withe noticed the signal changes on different electrodes as come thereof a. Os noticed previously one does not see the sense type of difference signal on the individual electrodes (14766-15 for example) for a quien set of conditions. These the nature of this growth elemans a mighty.