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Affect of Lower B on Capture Efficiency

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Purpose:

To lower the injection \dot{B} value with the hope of increasing the rf capture.

Background:

Measurements made on 4/24/73 indicated that with the present B of \approx 2.6 kG/sec and a nominal setting of rf level 2, the equilibrium phase angle near injection is \approx 21°. This corresponds to a bucket of \approx 220° width, height of .055 eV-sec and area of .29 eV-sec. The bunch width a few msec after injection was measured to be about 210°. The total net gap voltage, calculated from the B and measured from the b and measured for this date).

<u>Results:</u>

The injection \dot{B} was lowered to ≈ 1.45 kG/sec and the rf parameters adjusted for best intensity (this was 3-4 $\times 10^{11}$ less than with the higher \dot{B}). The bunch width a few msec after injection was measured and found to be $\approx 210^{\circ}$. At the lower \dot{B} and with the same gap voltage (50 kV) the bucket width should be $\approx 275^{\circ}$. A measured bunch width of 204° was obtained at the larger \dot{B} (≈ 2.6 kG/sec). One would have expected a wide bunch and perhaps a higher intensity, but this was not the case. Intermediate values of \dot{B} were also tried, i.e., ≈ 2 and 2.3 kG/sec.and they gave essentially the same intensity as obtained at 2.6 kG/sec. The latter value was retained for operations.