

# BNL-104107-2014-TECH AGS.SN231;BNL-104107-2014-IR

# **HEBT** Steering

R. K. Reece

January 1987

Collider Accelerator Department Brookhaven National Laboratory

## **U.S. Department of Energy**

USDOE Office of Science (SC)

Notice: This technical note has been authored by employees of Brookhaven Science Associates, LLC under Contract No.DE-AC02-76CH00016 with the U.S. Department of Energy. The publisher by accepting the technical note for publication acknowledges that the United States Government retains a non-exclusive, paid-up, irrevocable, world-wide license to publish or reproduce the published form of this technical note, or allow others to do so, for United States Government purposes.

### DISCLAIMER

This report was prepared as an account of work sponsored by an agency of the United States Government. Neither the United States Government nor any agency thereof, nor any of their employees, nor any of their contractors, subcontractors, or their employees, makes any warranty, express or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or any third party's use or the results of such use of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise, does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the United States Government or any agency thereof or its contractors or subcontractors. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States Government or any agency thereof.

Number 231

### AGS Studies Report

Date(s) <u>21 Jan</u>	uary 1987, 3 February 1987	Time(s) 0001-0800
Experimenter(s)	R.K. Reece, L.A. Ahrens	·····
Reported by	R.K. Reece PICA.	·
Subject	HEBT Steering	

#### Observations and Conclusion

Since the conversion of the AGS to H<sup>-</sup> injection, it has been an emperical necessity to steer the HEBT beam horizontally as much as 2cm beam left of center line at SEM11 for optimum injection. This has resulted in some loss of beam in that region and local residual radiation levels as high as 30 R/hr (HEBT vacuum chamber adjacent to the Al9SS). Parasitic attempts to correct the steering were incompatible with efficient circulating beam in the AGS.

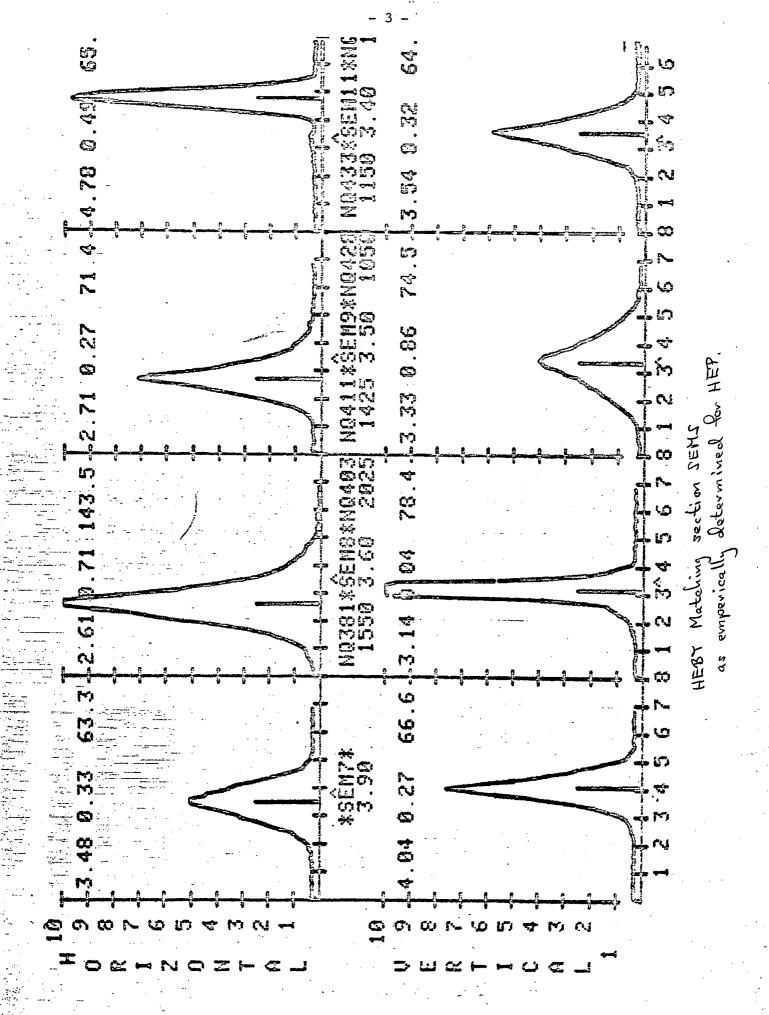
During two dedicated studies periods, this problem was examined in detail. Using the ring loss monitor system (RLRM program), which is quite sensitive to losses in the HEBT region near the AGS ring, and the H<sup>-</sup> stripping foil stripped e<sup>-</sup> monitor, the beam losses and transport efficiencies were documented. The second study effort included results of the A2Ø SEM beam position measurement.

Initially, one had to isolate the contribution to the injection region RLRM loss of the incoming HEBT beam and that of any spiralling beam in the AGS. This was accomplished by powering a high field vertical bump located in the IIØSS normally used during the extraction process.

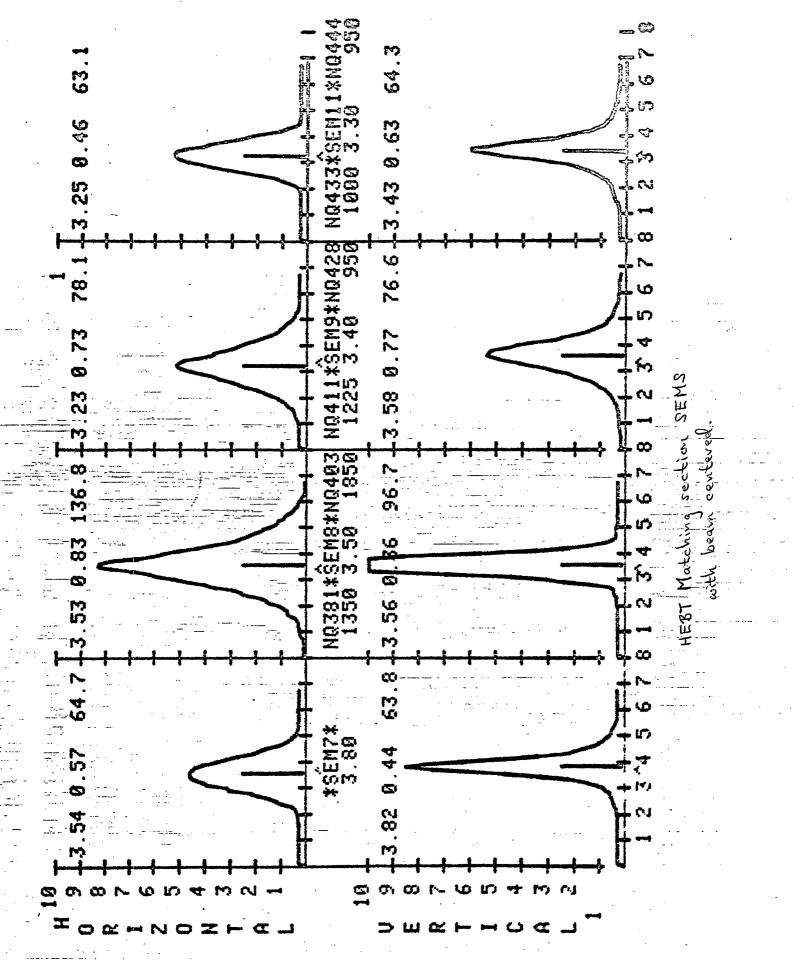
The initial position of the HEBT beam was then measured using the HEBT SEMS program to be approximately 1.6 cm beam left of center line at SEM11. This was later shown to correspond to a similar 1.6 cm horizon-tal shift at the A2 $\emptyset$  SEM. Reducing the field in ND422 (last major horizontal dipole in HEBT) just to the point where the injection region RLRM loss went to zero, resulted in approximately a 40% reduction in the stripped e signal. However, the HEBT beam at SEM11 was now within 0.3 cm of center line. After iteration of the two horizontal trim

dipoles (ND431, ND437) after ND422, the stripped e signal was returned to the nominal value.

Several questions remain to be considered. First, there does not exist an accurate calibration of the stripped e<sup>-</sup> monitor, so it cannot be used in a calculation of HEBT transport efficiency. The alignments of SEM11 and the A2Ø are probably not a concern as they were carefully surveyed when installed during the H<sup>-</sup> conversion and have not been moved since. When the I1Ø vertical bump was turned off, the spiralling beam (as measured by the L2Ø current transformer) was only ~ 75% of that from before the HEBT steering change. It should be noted that there was essentially no effort to improve the spiralling beam efficiency and will be investigated in a later study.



----



- 4 --

